

BEIMUN XXXI

Delegate Participation Handbook

Prepared by the BEIMUN XXXI Secretariat Team **BEIJINGMUN.ORG**

Conference Theme: Coexisting Peacefully in a Polarized World

BEIMUN (ISB MUN) Directors:

Courtney Stephens <u>cstephens@isb.bj.edu.cn</u>

Amira Sadud Eid asadudeid@isb.bj.edu.cn

BEIMUN Secretariat Team 2023-2024:

Sally Kim Co-Secretary-General sally.kim01@student.isb.bj.edu.cn George Xu Co-Secretary-General georgeyanyan.xu@student.isb.bj.edu.cn **Edward Zeng** Director General edward.zeng@student.isb.bj.edu.cn Nan Jiang Deputy Secretary-General nan.jiang@student.isb.bj.edu.cn Kelly Noh Head Administrative Officer kelly.noh@student.isb.bj.edu.cn Katherine Wang Head Administrative Officer katherine.wang@student.isb.bj.edu.cn

Please note that details are subject to change.

You may NOT publish this document in any

way.

This guide was adapted from the THIMUN Student

BEIMUN is a proud member of conferences affiliated with The Hague International Model United Nations (<u>THIMUN</u>).





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Foreword from the SGs

Dear Participants,

We would like to warmly welcome you to the 31st Annual Session of the Beijing Model United Nations(BEIMUN).

We hope that the next three days (15th – 17th, March 2024) with us here at the International School of Beijing (ISB) will be a memorable and fruitful experience for you. As delegates, you will have the privilege and the daunting task of creating and debating resolutions in your respective commissions.

Participating in a conference as a delegate requires you to consider a wide range of perspectives. Regardless of your level of experience, we hope that all of you can approach the debate with curiosity, respect, and an open mind. New delegates, please reach out to your chairs and fellow delegates if you have any questions. We are all more than happy to help. Experienced delegates, we hope that you can continue to develop your debate skills and assist others in your committee.

As a delegate, your responsibility is to embody the diplomatic ideals of the United Nations and professional decorum. Once again, practicing humility is of utmost importance. To guide you through this process, this Participants' Manual will serve as a roadmap to becoming a respectable, successful, and charismatic delegate. Donot hesitate to build onto the instructions in this manual and follow your critical and intellectual judgment, as they are your most valuable assets for being a successful delegate in Model United Nations.

The BEIMUN Secretariat serves to provide all BEIMUN participants the best MUN experience possible. We are here to help you have an entertaining and informative experience. Thus, I encourage you to ask questions and seek help along the way throughout the conference. Whether BEIMUN is your first time being a delegate or youare a veteran, the coordinators of BEIMUN cordially welcome all of you and we hope that you make lasting memories at BEIMUN. See you soon.

Sincerely,

Sally Kim and George Xu

Co-Secretary-Generals

31st Annual Session of BEIMUN

Statement of Purpose

"The Model United Nations program in Beijing is an extension of The Hague International Model United Nations (THIMUN). As an affiliate, BEIMUN seeks to reflect the ideas and principles of a peaceful post-Cold War world. The Coordinators of the program believe that this world order more accurately reflects the original motives of the authors of the 1945 San Francisco Charter than events following the Potsdam Conference of the same year. It is our hope that BEIMUN will continue to act as another regional center of THIMUN conference affiliates helping to revitalize the original ideals of the United Nations.

Current events confirm that the attitudes and voting patterns of the United Nations membersare changing. Hence, at BEIMUN, the diplomat of any member state, no matter how large or small, rich or poor, who exercises independence of character and a critical mind, can truly serve his nation honorably in a great experiment in world community. The individual delegate's efforts at communication and behavior will be the most important factors in the drive for a better world and a quality MUN conference. Any delegate who sits idly by weakenstheir own nation's significance in this simulation and therefore the forum as well.

MUN teachers have the daunting instructional task of destroying stereotypes to free students to think and communicate both as delegates and diplomats of a world community. Those withso called non-essential countries, and those with spotlighted countries have equally difficult tasks. Some of you, who view the conference and events on the world stage, think they know the correct position of the spotlighted countries, and that the other countries have little or nothing to contribute. The history of the United Nations in the 1980's, points to the folly of such thinking. This attitude must be overcome if schools are to contribute to establishing the best precedents for future world citizens.

We ask for your understanding, cooperation, and quality work in preparation and participation in order to uphold the principles described above. Victory belongs to all of the delegates at the conference who negotiate the best solutions possible to the most complex issues of this new era in which we live. I do believe that the day is coming when THIMUN and their affiliates become the voice of the youth of this planet and that you, BEIMUN delegates, will have the opportunity to contribute to the shaping of our world."

- Irwin Stein, Founder of BEIMUN, January 1993.

Conference Theme

"Coexisting Peacefully in a Polarized World"

Today, people are entrenched in polarization and hatred, standing on opposite ends of society, and raging against one another. The theme of peaceful coexistence offers a potential solution to this problem. However, many are not cooperating to address this polarization, they make hate speeches, inflammatory comments, and social media posts. Some even worsen the polarization for political purposes and advancement. The privileged, rich, and majority are respected and supported, while the minorities are ignored, discriminated against, and abandoned. It is time for us as a global community, to seek ways to go back to a unified community or something close to that. We must respect each other and embrace different cultures, acknowledging our differences and seeking a peaceful way to coexist in this turbulent world. We can achieve satisfactory coexistence of minorities and the majority only through the collective efforts of human society, while never forgetting the history of marginalization and polarization. By promoting understanding and respect for those with differing opinions, we can create a world in which people of all backgrounds can live together in harmony and find ways to bridge the gaps that divide us. Ultimately, peaceful coexistence requires a willingness to listen, to learn, and to empathize with those around us, even if we disagree with their views. By striving for peaceful coexistence, we can create a world that is more just, more compassionate, and more *united*.

- BEIMUN XXXI 2024 Secretariat



Code of Conduct

While guests at BEIMUN will merely simulate the roles of representatives of sovereign states and organizations, they are also representatives of their schools, as well as their host and home countries.

During the conference, all participants are expected to exercise a very high standard of personal behavior. This includes maintaining proper formal dress during conference hours and using appropriate parliamentary language while in session. Delegates are also expected to conduct themselves professionally throughout the conference through their language and actions. Harassment and bullying are not tolerated. Failing to abide by these rules will result in immediate removal from the conference.

The BEIMUN Leadership Team will use a Three Strike warning policy. Delegates who are caught committing infractions, including not being present in conference sessions, will first receive a warning from their chair. If the problem persists, chairs will contact the Secretariat to send a warning via email and notifying their teacher director. A third infraction can result in a written warning from the BEIMUN directors, addressing the issue with the delegate's school and teacher director. This can also result in immediate removal from the conference with the possibility of not being able to join future BEIMUN conferences.

Participants are reminded that the conference is hosted in the People's Republic of China. As such, delegates are expected to respect the host country. Politically sensitive statements and behavior will not be tolerated. Further, regardless of regulations in participants' own homes, schools, and countries of residence, the use of tobacco, alcohol, and illicit drugs is strictly prohibited during BEIMUN.

Schools should designate at least one director to supervise their students. Each MUN Directoris responsible for the care and conduct of their students during conference hours. MUN Directors and chaperones are also expected to dress appropriately.

Secretariat & Student Officers

BEIMUN XXX Secretariat

Co-Secretary-Generals

Sally Kim

George Xu

Director General

Edward Zeng

Deputy Secretary-General

Nan Jiang

Head Administrative Officers

Katherine Wang

Kelly Noh

Administrative and Public Relations Officer

Sophie Lam

BEIMUN XXXI Student Officers

General Assembly 1

President

Gabin Kim (Shekou International School)

Assistant President

Dana Kim (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Tracy Chen (Shekou International School)

General Assembly 2

President

David Nam (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Elizabeth Van Sluytman (Shekou International School)

Assistant President

Dora Mu (Beijing World Youth Academy)

General Assembly 3

President

Chloe Kim (Seoul Foreign School)

Assistant President

Mi Na Son (International School of Tianjin)

Assistant President

Kanglee Park (International School of Beijing)

Economic and Social Council

Kate Han (Seoul Foreign School)

Assistant President

Shian Joo (Shekou International School)

Assistant President

Matthew Kim (International School of Beijing)

Environment Commission

President

A Jin Chang (International School of Tianjin)

Assistant President

Isabella Del Rio Garcia (Shekou International School)

<u>Assistant President</u>

Mumu Liu (International School of Beijing)

Human Rights Council

President

Rachael Ho (Dulwich College Beijing)

Assistant President

Luke Brock (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Michelle Yin (International School of Beijing)

World Health Assembly

President

Geon Park (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Chirag Jadhav (Shekou International School)

Assistant President

Hector He (Shanghai Community International School Pudong Campus)

Disarmament Commission

President

Lucas Duan (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Andy Lee (Suzhou Singapore International School)

Assistant President

Lloyd Kim (Dulwich College Beijing)

Security Council

President

Gamin Kim (Shekou International School)

Assistant President

Valeriana Lau (International School of Beijing)

Assistant President

Joanie Meng (Beijing World Youth Academy)

Historical Security Council

President

Emma Zhou (Shanghai American School Pudong)

Assistant President

Gordon Zhang (Sha Tin College)

Assistant President

Joshua Ding (International School of Beijing)

Committee Topics

General Assembly (GA)

GA First Committee (GA1)

- Developing a framework for addressing the ethical concerns raised by the use of emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence, biotechnology, and nanotechnology
- Develop strategies to combat recent rise in social, political, and racial polarization in MEDCs

GA Second Committee (GA2)

- Combating discrimination at workplaces and society in LEDCs
- Addressing the impact of the pandemic on education and ensuring equitable access to education in the post-pandemic world

GA Third Committee (GA3)

- Developing policies to address the impact of corruption on global development and promote transparency and accountability in South East Asia
- Examine the role of corporations in promoting or violating human rights and exploring ways to hold corporations accountable for their actions in Africa

Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)

- Measures to strengthen social safety nets and promote social protection for vulnerable populations, including the elderly and those living in poverty in developing nations
- Developing policies to address the impact of the pandemic on global economic inequality and promote economic recovery and resilience in the African continent

Environment Commission (ENV)

- Addressing the challenges of promoting sustainable fisheries and exploring ways to reduce overfishing and promote sustainable fishing practices especially in African coastal regions
- Examine ways to protect natural resources and promote sustainable development use while simultaneously ensuring the completion of the UN SDG goals by 2030

Human Rights Council (HRC)

- Address challenges faced by people with disabilities, including issues related to accessibility, discrimination, and social exclusion
- Addressing reformation of international policies regarding racism-motivated crimes and terrors given recent rise in hate speech and racially motivated discriminatory policies in MEDCs

World Health Assembly (WHA)

- Developing policies to address the global shortage of medical personnel and improve access to healthcare in low-income countries
- Develop strategies in combatting lack of access to clean water and sanitation in rural and less economically developed areas

Disarmament Commission (DIS)

- Addressing the challenges of regulating and reducing the proliferation of Artificial Intelligence (AI) weapons, including small arms and light weapons
- Develop measures to address growing religious and racial violence on the civilian population sponsored by extremist religious organizations in Afghanistan (ISIS-K)
- Developing a framework to effectively address the post-war decommissioning of weapon systems

Security Council (SC)

- Developing a framework for the addition of new Weapons of Mass Destructions as well as the renewal and expansion of current treaties
- Mitigating the proliferation of totalitarian and religious extremist ideologies within governments

Historical Security Council (HSC)

- Addressing global cooperative efforts in the extermination of the smallpox virus
- Addressing the humanitarian consequences of the Soviet Union's dissolution

Schedule

The schedule listed below is according to Beijing time (UTC+8)

Friday, March 15th

Time	Event
8:00 - 8:25	Welcome & Registration
8:30 - 9:25	Opening Ceremony
9:35 - 12:00	Committees in Session
12:00 - 1:00	Lunch
1:00 - 3:30	Committees in Session
3:30 - 3:45	Break
3:45 - 6:00	Committees in Session / Approval Panel Opens
6:00 - 6:15	Student Officer Debrief
6:00	Social Dinner

Saturday, March 16th

Time	Event
8:30 - 10:00	Committees in Session & Approval Panel Opens
10:00 - 10:15	Break
10:15 - 12:00	Committees in Session
12:00 - 12:45	Lunch
12:45 - 3:30	Committees in Session
3:30 - 3:40	Break
3:40-4:30	Committees in Session
4:30-5:00	Student Officer Debrief

Sunday, March 17th

Time	Event
8:30 - 10:00	Committees in Session
10:00 - 10:15	Break
10:15 - 12:00	Committees in Session
12:00 - 1:00	Lunch
1:00 - 3:30	Committees in Session
3:30 - 4:15	Closing Ceremony
4:15	All participants dismissed

Note: Student officers of each committee will schedule additional breaks throughout committeesessions determined by the flow of the debates

General Reminders

Dress Code

All delegates are expected to adhere to the formal dress code throughout the entirety of the conference. Delegates that are deemed not adhering to the dress code by their student officers, admins, BEIMUN Secretariat or directors will be warned and/or penalized in accordance to our Three Strikes policy. Delegates not adhering to the dress code will be asked to change to an appropriate attire before returning to the session.

- 1. All participants are expected to dress professionally with respect to a diversity of cultures and identities.
- 2. Standard delegate attire for the conference is business jacket, slacks/skirt, and dress shirt/blouse. Male-identifying delegates must wear ties.
- 3. Dress sweaters, shorts, ball caps, jeans, and sunglasses are considered inappropriate for this conference. Clothes that expose excessive bare skin, reveal undergarments, or are otherwise revealing are also inappropriate.
- 4. Dresses and skirts should be an appropriate length and not show midriffs or undergarments.
- 5. It is not appropriate for delegates to display any national symbols such as flags, pins, crests, etc. on their person during sessions. UN symbols are acceptable.
- 6. Delegates are not allowed to use props at any time during debate when making speeches.
- 7. Western business dress is preferred.
- 8. BEIMUN will not allow any delegate's attempt toportray a "character" using traditional cultural attire or military uniform as a costume.
- 9. Please see the "BEIMUN Dress Code" document for detailed information.

GA Plenary

There will be no GA plenary in BEIMUN XXX. Instead, there may be a crisis that requirescertain committees of the GA to convene.

Crises

Prior to the occurrences of crises, the head administrative officer of the commission will notify the Student Officers 15 minutes in advance. Upon announcement of the crisis, delegates will have 30 minutes to lobby and formulate a resolution. Then, delegates will have 90 minutes to debate a total of two-three resolutions per commission.

Social Media and BEIWATCH

BEIWATCH will be providing free online newspapers throughout the conference. They can be accessed on beijingmun.org. Photos and online press pieces will be posted on the ISB MUN Facebook and Instagram pages over the course of the conference. Please consider visiting our social media pages if delegates haven't done so already. Please use the hashtag #BEIMUN2024 and feel free to share positive reflections via social media.

International Three-Letter Abbreviations

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Afghanistan	8	AFG
Albania	190	ALB
Algeria	T _G	DZA
Andorra	4(6)	AND
Angola	2	AGO
Antigua and Barbuda	***	ATG
Argentina	•	ARG
Armenia		ARM
Australia	NK	AUS
Austria		AUT
Azerbaijan	C	AZE
Bahamas (the)		BHS
Bahrain		BHR
Bangladesh		BGD
Barbados	Ψ	BRB
Belarus		BLR
Belgium		BEL
Belize		BLZ
Benin	-	ВЕМ
Bhutan	Sec.	BTN
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	<u> </u>	BOL
Bosnia and Herzegovina		BIH
Botswana		BWA
Brazil	←	BRA
Brunei Darussalam	**	BRN
Bulgaria		BGR
Burkina Faso	*	BFA
Burundi		BDI

BEIMUN

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Cabo Verde	444	CPV
Cambodia	Add	КНМ
Cameroon	*	CMR
Canada	*	CAN
Central African Republic (the)	*	CAF
Chad		TCD
Chile	*	CHL
China	*]:	CHN
Colombia		COL
Comoros (the)		СОМ
Congo (the)		COG
Cook Islands (the) **		сок
Costa Rica		CRI
Côte d'Ivoire		CIV
Croatia		HRV
Cuba	-	CUB
Cyprus		СҮР
Czechia		CZE
Democratic People's Republic of Korea (the)	•	PRK
Democratic Republic of the Congo (the)	*	COD
Denmark	==	DNK
Djibouti	.	DJI
Dominica	=6=	DMA
Dominican Republic (the)	==	DOM
Ecuador		ECU
Egypt	168	EGY
El Salvador	9	SLV
Equatorial Guinea	3	GNQ
Eritrea		ERI
Estonia		EST

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Jordan		JOR
Kazakhstan		KAZ
Kenya		KEN
Kiribati		KIR
Kuwait		KWT
Kyrgyzstan	8	KGZ
Lao People's Democratic Republic (the)		LAO
Latvia		LVA
Lebanon	*	LBN
Lesotho	1	LSO
Liberia	*	LBR
Libya	C*	LBY
Liechtenstein	dia	LIE
Lithuania		LTU
Luxembourg		LUX
Madagascar		MDG
Malawi		MWI
Malaysia		MYS
Maldives		MDV
Mali		MLI
Malta	+	MLT
Marshall Islands (the)	>	MHL
Mauritania	***	MRT
Mauritius		MUS
Mexico		MEX
Micronesia (Federated States of)		FSM
Monaco		мсо
Mongolia		MNG
Montenegro	*	MNE
Morocco	*	MAR

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Mozambique	>	MOZ
Myanmar	*	MMR
Namibia	//	NAM
Nauru	*	NRU
Nepal	R	NPL
Netherlands (the)		NLD
New Zealand	NE	NZL
Nicaragua		NIC
Niger (the)	<u> </u>	NER
Nigeria		NGA
Niue **		NIU
North Macedonia	*	MKD
Norway	#=	NOR
Oman	*	OMN
Pakistan	C	PAK
Palau		PLW
Panama	***	PAN
Papua New Guinea		PNG
Paraguay	0	PRY
Peru	6	PER
Philippines (the)	>	PHL
Poland		POL
Portugal	®	PRT
Qatar		QAT
Republic of Korea (the)	404	KOR
Republic of Moldova (the)		MDA
Romania		ROU
Russian Federation (the)		RUS
Rwanda		RWA
Saint Kitts and Nevis	**	KNA

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Saint Lucia		LCA
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	•	VCT
Samoa		WSM
San Marino		SMR
Sao Tome and Principe	**	STP
Saudi Arabia	5:915	SAU
Senegal	**	SEN
Serbia	3	SRB
Seychelles		SYC
Sierra Leone		SLE
Singapore	(:	SGP
Slovakia		SVK
Slovenia	-	SVN
Solomon Islands	*	SLB
Somalia	*	SOM
South Africa	>=	ZAF
South Sudan	*	SSD
Spain	<u> </u>	ESP
Sri Lanka		LKA
State of Palestine (the) *		PSE
Sudan (the)		SDN
Suriname	*	SUR
Sweden	-	SWE
Switzerland	+	CHE
Syrian Arab Republic (the)	* *	SYR
Tajikistan		TJK
Thailand		ТНА
Timor-Leste	▶	TLS
Togo	-	TGO
Tonga	+	TON

Country	Flag	Abbreviation
Trinidad and Tobago		тто
Tunisia	0	TUN
Turkey	C*	TUR
Turkmenistan	٧	TKM
Tuvalu	NE NE	TUV
Uganda	6	UGA
Ukraine		UKR
United Arab Emirates (the)		ARE
United Kingdom of Great Britain and N.I.(the)		GBR
United Republic of Tanzania (the)		TZA
United States of America (the)		USA
Uruguay	*=	URY
Uzbekistan	Ciiii	UZB
Vanuatu		VUT
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)		VEN
Viet Nam	*	VNM
Yemen		YEM
Zambia		ZMB
Zimbabwe	*	ZWE

* Observer States

^{**} Member of Specialized Agencies

Resolution Formatting

Heading

Salutation

Preambulatory

First word(s) in each clause is italicized.

Each clause ends with a comma.

Single line space between preambles and operatives

Operatives

Each clause is begins with an Arabic number. (e.g. "1.", "2.", "3."...)

The first word(s) in each clause is underlined.

All acronyms must be listed in full before appearing in abbreviated form.

A colon precedes the first sub-

Each Sub-clause is identified with a lower case letter. (e.g. "a)", "b)", "c)" ...)

Each Sub-sub-clause is identified with a lower case Roman numeral. (e.g. "i.", "ii.", "iii." ...)

Each sub-clause and sub-subclause begins with a lower case letter.

There are no punctuations separating sub-clauses and sub-sub-clauses.

There must be multiple subclauses and sub-sub-clauses in a clause

Each cause ends with a semi-

The final clause ends with a period.

FORUM: General Assembly (1st Committee)

QUESTION OF: Prevention of an Arms Race in Outer Space

SUBMITTED BY: Switzerland

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recognizing the need to prevent an arms race in Outer Space, to avert possible conflicts arising from space warfare,

Concerned about prevent Outer Space from being an arena of condict,

Convinced the deployment of space weapons will destroy balance and stability, thus endangering international peace and security,

- 1. Encourages all states to sincerely consider their approaches of disarmament understand and accommodate each other's security concerns and threat perceptions in the context of outer space;
- Suggests that military presence in Outer Space is to be regulated by a
 Regulatory Committee of Space Militarization (RCSM) formed by
 representatives of various national space agencies, which are appointed by
 the conference of disarmament by:
 - a) earth based surveillance on space objects with the use of heat sensors and chemical detectors
 - b) space based surveillance missions to monitor orbits of space objects;
- 3. <u>Calls Upon</u> the Conference of Disarmament to draw up an additional agreement (in addition to the existing Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies) which aims to further prevent an arms race in Outer Space by:
 - a) disallowing states to test, deploy and use any form of weapons in the Earth's orbit, celestial bodies, and Outer Space
 - b) encouraging states to promote the peaceful uses of Outer Space by avoiding incidents and refraining from dangerous military practices in Space, including but not limited to:
 - i. simulated attacks on outer space objects
 - ii. engaging in maneuvers that increase the risk of collisioniii. nuclear weapons and devices to be deployed into space
 - iv. testing and/or launching any form of weaponry deployed from outer space targeting the other nations or other
- 4. <u>Proposes</u> referral of any party found to have violated the conditions of existing treaties and agreements on this issue to the Security Council.

nations' property of any kind;

Resolution Checklist

	□ Times New Roman, Size 12
	☐ Heading in bolded capital letters: FORUM:, QUESTION OF:, SUBMITTED BY:
	☐ A Line Space placed between the Heading and the Salutation
	☐ The name of the Forum, typed in capital letters. e.g THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
Pre-a	mbulatory Clauses:
	□ All clauses state facts that outline the problem at hand and express urgency in resolving it.
	□ A comma separates each clause.
	□ All clauses begin with a pre-ambulatory verb or adjective that is italicized.
	□ All Acronyms must appear in full before in abbreviated form
Opera	ative Clauses:
	□ All clauses suggest ways to solve the problem at hand, instead of stating facts
	□ Numbered with Arabic numerals. (e.g. "1.", "2.", "3.")
	☐ Begins with an Operative Verb that is underlined (Refer to next page for a list)
	□ All Acronyms must appear in full before in abbreviated form
	□ A colon precedes the first Sub-clause or the first sub-sub-clause
	□ Sub-clause is identified with a lower case letter. (e.g. "a.", "b.", "c.")
	□ Sub-sub-clause is identified with a lower case Roman numeral. (e.g. "i.", "ii.", "iii.")
	☐ Each Sub-clause and sub-sub-clause begins with a lower case letter.
	☐ There must be multiple Sub-clauses
	☐ There are no punctuations separating sub-clauses/ sub-sub-clauses
	☐ Each operative clause ends with a semi-colon.
	☐ The final operative clause ends with a period.

Pre-ambulatory Verbs and Adjectives

Acknowledgin Expecting
gAffirming Expressing its
Alarmed by appreciationExpressing

Approving its satisfaction Fulfilling
Aware of Fully alarmed

Bearing in Fully aware
mindBelieving Fully believing
Concerned Guided by
Confident Having
Conscious adopted
Contemplating Having considered

Convinced Having considered Declaring further

Deploring Having devoted
Desiring attention Having
Disturbed examined

Emphasizing Having heard Having

receivedHaving

studied Keeping in mind Noting further

Noting with approval
Noting with deep concern

Noting with regret Noting with satisfaction

Observing
Reaffirming
Realizing
Recalling
Recognizing
Referring
Regretting
Seeking

Taking into account
Taking into consideration

Taking note

Viewing with appreciation

Welcoming

* Delegates can add emphasis by adding modifiers such as "Fully", "Further", "Deeply" etc.

Aware becomes Fully aware Recalling becomes Further recalling Regretting becomes Deeply regretting

Operative Verbs

AcceptsDeploresRegretsAffirmsDesignatesRemindsApprovesDraws the attentionRequestsAsksEmphasizes EncouragesResolvesAuthorizeEndorsesSanctions

sCalls Expresses its appreciation Solemnly affirms

Expresses its hope Calls upon **Supports Condemns** Hopes Takes note of **Invites** Confirms **Transmits** Notes Congratulate Trusts **Proclaims s**Considers Urges Reaffirms **Decides** Wishes

Declares Recommends

accordingly Demands

* You can add emphasis by adding modifiers such as "Fully", "Further", "Deeply" etc. Requests becomes Strongly requests Urges becomes Strongly urges

* Bolded Phrases for Security Council only

Debate Procedure

The debate procedure of BEIMUN will follow THIMUN Rules of procedure, with the exception that follow ups will be allowed.

General Expectations for Delegates:

- Delegates need to speak in third person
- Delegates must wait till the Chair has finished speaking to raise their placards
- Male delegates must wear jackets when they are speaking
- Delegates must respect all members of the house including student officers, other delegates,
 administrative staff, guest and directors
- Direct dialogue between delegates is not permitted
- Delegates should refer to Less Economically Developed countries as LEDCs, not "Third World."
- Delegates should refer to sub-sub clauses as sub-sub clause "One" instead of reading out the roman numeral of "i"
- Delegates are not allowed to make up facts on the spot
- All dress code must be followed
- Any inappropriate behaviors such as singing, informal jokes, clowning around, etc. should be deemed out of order immediately and brought to the attention of the executive council if the problem persists

Note-Passing

- Note passing will be done through hand-written papers
- Note passing is allowed between delegates, as long as the message pertains to the debate
- Notes can only be written in English
- All notes passed by delegates must be screened by admins unless they are directed towards student officers
- Administrative staff will not screen the notes to/by student officers
- Delegates are reminded that note passing is a privilege and that any inappropriate notes will be reported
- Student officers will inform if the house is out of order, proceeding to suspend notepassing

Points

Points cannot be directly stated by delegates until the chair has granted the delegate permission to speak. Under no circumstances should a delegate interrupt a speaker.

Point of Personal Privilege

Refers to the well-being of delegates. An example is audibility (if the delegate speaking cannot be heard)

Point of Order

Refers to procedural matters. An example is if the chair makes a mistake in debate procedure.

Point of Information to the Speaker (POI)

A question directed towards the delegate speaking. is point must be recognized by the Chair, and must be stated in a question form. No dialogue should take place between delegates during the process of asking points of information.

Follow-up: a clarification question to the original question, is allowed at BEIMUN, however the follow- up must pertain to the previous question.

Point of Information to the Chair

A question directed towards the chairs that can refer to any type of issue.

Point of Parliamentary Enquiry

A question directed towards the chairs pertaining to Rules of Procedure. An example may be "Couldthe chair please clarify what is an amendment to the second degree?"

Order of the Day

Not commonly used, but called by a delegate to return to the main agenda of the forum if they feel the debate has drifted from the original agenda.

Motions

When delegates state motions the chair must ensure to ask for seconds and objections (with the exception of Motion to Divide the House). Sometimes a vote must be taken in which abstentions are not allowed, in order to see if a motion passes. However, chairs have the right to overrule any motions. All motions should not interrupt a speaker.

Motion to Move to Previous Question

Calls for the house to proceed to the next section of debate. (e.g from time in favor to time against, from time against to voting procedure). is motion can be stopped by an objection and does not require voting. Chairs are not encouraged to entertain this motion for a full resolution unless the debate is completely exhausted.

Motion to Adjourn the Debate/Motion to Table the Resolution

Calls for the house to temporary dispose a resolution until the committee has finished all other resolutions. This is not an encouraged motion and can result in not having enough time to debate over a resolution. If the forum puts this motion to vote and it passes, debate on this resolution will stop, however if it fails, debate will continue.

Motion to Reconsider a Resolution

It can only be moved at the end of the forum's agenda, where is calls for a re-vote or re-debate of a resolution that had already been voted on. Requires to be voted on and 2/3 majority to pass.

Motion to Refer a Resolution to Another Forum

Moves a resolution to another forum. This motion is discouraged as other forums have their own resolutions to debate.

Motion to Appeal the Decision of the Chair

It is motion made directly after achairs decision in order to appeal the decision in question. Chair must clearly explain the reasoning behind their decision, while delegates do not have the right to explain the motion. Requires 2/3 majority to pass. Can only overrule the decision of the chair, not result in the removal of the Chair.

Motion to Withdraw a Resolution

Can be done at any time before voting has started on the condition that all submitters including cosubmitters agree.

Motion to Extend Debate Time

Is a motion asking for more time on debating the resolution. Requires a second to be moved, cannot bestopped by an objection as it is at the discretion of the chair. Requires a vote in order to be entertained.

Motion to Extend Points of Information

Or it can be addressed through a point of information to the chair. Can be entertained at the discretion of the chair. Does not require a second, or an objection, however, requires the consent of the speaker.

Any other motions or points that raised can be considered to be invalid.

Amendments

Amendments may be moved by delegates if they indicate to the chair that they have submitted an amendment once they are recognized to speak. No chair should ever move an amendment. Once the amendment is moved, the chair must read out the amendment and display it to the house via screen-sharing.

Format of Amendments

- Indicate the submitter of the amendment
- Select one of: Add, Strike, Amend
- Should only change one clause (e.g cannot be strike out clause 2 and 3)
- Submitted to the Chair before being recognized

Amendment Process

- 1. Delegate moves the amendment.
- 2. Chair reads out amendment, sets closed debate time.
- 3. Submitter makes a speech on the amendment during time in favor. If time left, chair mayrecognized more speakers in favor
- 4. Time against amendment, during which delegates may submit amendment to the second degree
- 5. Voting on the amendment, Delegates may vote in favor, against or abstain (abstentions onamendments allowed in THIMUN conferences according to the 2008 Revised RoP).

Amendment to the Second Degree

Follows the same process as amendments to the first degree, except second degree amendments make changes towards the amendment itself. Please note any further amendments are other of order. These types of amendments can only be entertained during time against of the amendment to the first degree. When voting please note that delegate can only vote in favor or against, there will be no abstentions.

Attendance and Participation Requirements

Participants are expected to comply with our full attendance policy. Certificates of participation will be given only to those who meet the requirements.

- 1. Participants are expected to participate in all the sessions, proving full attendance (not including excused absences)
 - a. Delegates must email their committee chair (cc'ing their director and edward zeng@student.isb.bj.edu.cn) ahead of time to excuse any absences.
 - b. Participants may not be absent for more than 50% of the committee sessions, regardless of if the absences are excused or unexcused
- 2. Participants are expected to engage in debate and complete 3 POI's OR 1 speech OR 1 amendment (entertained)

Appendix

Appendix 1: Secretariat Team – Areas of Responsibility

BEIMUN XXVIII 2021 Secretariat Team Members & Responsibilities		
Name	Positions	Commission Supervision and Responsibilities
Sally Kim	Co-Secretary General	All AreasDIS, SC
George Xu	Co-Secretary General	All Areas, ENV, HSC, HRC
Edward Zeng	Director of the General Assembly	GA2, ECOSOC
Nan Jiang	Deputy Secretary General	GA1, GA3, WHA

Appendix 2: Head Admin

Officers

Name	Title
Katherine Wang	Head Admin Officer
Kelly Noh	Head Admin Officer
Sophie Lam	Administrative and Public Relations Officer



I. APPLICATION

Rule 1

These rules of procedure apply to the proceedings of the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and other forums labelled by the Board of Directors of the THIMUN Foundation. Except in rule 77 and 78, when applied to forums other than the General Assembly, the words 'General Assembly' are to be understood as referring to the forum in question. The word 'committees' changes accordingly. The word Chair should then be understood as Assistant President and Deputy Chair as Deputy Assistant President.

Rule 2

All matters are conducted in accordance with these rules and Robert's Rules of Parliamentary Order and the former takes precedence over the latter.

II. SESSIONS

Rule 3

The General Assembly shall meet every year in session commencing on a date to be determined by the BEIMUN Directorate

Rule 4

BEIMUN Directorate shall fix a closing date for the session.

Rule 5

The General Assembly shall meet in Beijing at a site to be determined by the BEIMUN Directorate.

Rule 6

The BEIMUN Directorate shall notify the Members of the United Nations, at least ninety days in advance, of the opening of a session.

THIMUN Revised Rules of Procedure

As BEIMUN is a THIMUN affiliate conference, the official THIMUN Rules of Procedures will be observed, with minor changes for consistency with locations and names.

III. AGENDA

Rule 7

The provisional agenda for a session shall be drawn up by the Secretary-General and communicated to the Members of the United Nations at least ninety days before the opening of the session.

Rule 8

The provisional agenda of a regularsession shall include:

- (a) The report of the Secretary-General;
- (b) Reports from the Security Council, the Economic and Social Council, the International Court of Justice, the subsidiary organs of the General Assembly and the specialized agencies;
- (c) All items proposed by the other principal organs of the United Nations;
- (d) All items which the Secretary-General deems it necessary to put before the General Assembly.

Rule 9

Any Members of the United Nations or the Secretary-General may, at least sixty days before the date fixed for the opening of a session, request the inclusion of supplementary items in the agenda. Upon approval, such items shall be communicated to Members at least thirty days before the opening of the session.

Rule 10

Any item proposed for inclusion in the agenda shall be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum and, if possible, by basic documents or by a draft resolution.

Rule 11
[Deleted]

Rule 12

[Deleted]

Rule 13

All items on the agenda included under Rule 8 Paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be given priority by the Secretary-General.

Rule 14
[Deleted]

Rule 15
[Deleted]

Rule 16

No proposal for a modification of the allocation of expenses for the time being in force shall be placed on the agenda. This rule should be used in combination with rule 107.

IV. DELEGATIONS

Rule 17

The delegation of a Member shall consist of not more than one representative per forum, except in the Security Council, where all Members may have two members with consideration of the topic and situation by the BEIMUN Directorate.

V. CREDENTIALS

Rule 18

The credentials of representatives and the names of members of a delegation shall be submitted to the BEIMUN Director before a date to be determined by the BEIMUN Directorate. The credentials shall be issued by the participating school through the Director of that school's delegation.

VI. PRESIDENT

Rule 19 [79]

Before the opening of each session of the General Assembly, the BEIMUN Directorate shall appoint a President, who shall hold office until the close of the session for which They are appointed.

Rule 20 [80]

If the President finds it necessary to be absent during a meeting or any part thereof, they shall designate a subordinate to take their place.

Rule 21 [80]

A Chairman acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

Rule 22 [80]

If the President is unable to perform their functions, a new President shall be appointed by the BEIMUN Directorate for the unexpired term.

<u>Rule 23</u>

In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon them elsewhere by these rules, the President shall, subject to the most recent programme of events, declare the opening and closing of each plenary meeting of the session, the adjournment of the meeting, direct the discussions in plenary meeting, ensure observance of these rules, accord the right to speak, put questions and announce decisions. He shall rule on points of order and, subject to these rules, shall have complete control of the proceedings at any meeting and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may, in the course of the discussion of an item, decide the limitation of the time to be allowed to speakers, the limitation of the number of times each representative may speak or the closure of the debate. They may also propose the suspension of the meeting or the adjournment of the debate on the item under discussion.

Rule 24 [82]

The President, in the exercise of their functions, remains under the authority of the Secretary-General, who shall be assisted by the Deputy Secretary-General and Under Secretary-General, and the BEIMUN Directorate.

VII. GENERAL COMMITTEE

Rule 25

The General Committee shall comprise the President of the General Assembly, who shall preside and make the agenda for meetings of the committee, the Chairmen of the committees and the Chairmen of other forums which are to meet during the session. The Secretary-General or his

deputy shall be entitled to attend meetings of the General Committee.

Rule 26

The President of the General Assemblymust be present at all meetings of the General Committee. The Chairs of the committees must be present at all meetings of the General Committee, unless they are exempted by the President of the General Assembly.

Rule 27

The General Committee shall assist the President and the General Assembly in drawing up the agenda for each plenary meeting, in determining the priority of its items and in coordinating the proceedings of all committees of the Assembly. It shall assist the President in the general conduct of the work of the General Assembly which falls within the competence of the President. It shall not, however, decide any political question.

Rule 28

The General Committee shall meet periodically throughout each session to review the progress of the General Assembly and its committees and to make recommendations for furthering such progress. It shall also meet at such other times as the President deems necessary.

Rule 29

The General Committee may revise the resolutions adopted by the General Assembly, changing their form but not their substance.

VIII. ADMINISTRATION

<u>Rule 30</u>

The Under Secretary-General shall at their own discretion provide and direct the staff required by the General Assembly.

<u>Rule 31</u>

The Administrative Staff shall receive, print, and distribute documents, reports and resolutions of the General Assembly, its committees and its organs; prepare, print and circulate the records of the session; have the custody and proper preservation of the documents in the archives of the General Assembly; distribute all documents

of the Assembly to the Members of the United Nations.

Rule 32

The Executive Committee shall establish regulations concerning Administrative Staff.

IX. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Rule 33

The Executive Committee shall comprise the Secretary-General, who shall preside and make the agenda for meetings of the committee, and the Deputy Secretary-General, Under Secretary-General, and President of the General Assembly.

<u>Rule 34</u>

The Secretary-General, in exercise of their functions, remains under the authority of the BEIMUN Directorate.

Rule 35

All decisions of the Secretary-General shall be taken in consultation and with the BEIMUN Directorate and in consensus with the Secretariat as a whole.

Rule 36

The Secretary-General shall act in that capacity in all meetings of the General Assembly and its committees. They may designate a member of the Office of the Secretary-General to act in their place at these meetings.

<u>Rule 37</u>

The Secretary-General shall make an annual report to the General Assembly on the work of the Organization. They shall communicate the annual report to the Members of the United Nations at least thirty days before the opening of the session.

Rule 38

The Secretary-General, with the consent of the Security Council, shall notify the General Assembly at each session of any matters relative to the maintenance of international peace and security which are being dealt with by the Security Council, and shall similarly notify the General Assembly immediately when the Security Council ceases to deal with such matters.

Rule 39

The BEIMUN Directorate shall establish regulations concerning the Executive Committee.

X. COMMISSION ON RULES OF PROCEDURE

<u>Rule 40</u>

The Executive Committee shall act as the Commission on Rules of Procedure. The Commission shall be chaired by the Secretary-General in consultation with the BEIMUN Director.

XI. LANGUAGES

Rule 41

English shall be both the official and the working language of the General Assembly and its committees.

Rule 42

Summary records shall be drawn up as soon as possible in the language of the General Assembly.

<u>Rule 43</u>

All resolutions, records, and other documents shall be published in the language of the General Assembly.

XII. RECORDS AND RESOLUTIONS

Rule 44

Summary records of the meetings of the General Assembly and its committees shall be drawn up by the Executive Committee, or its designates, and published after approval by the presiding officer.

Rule 45

Resolutions adopted by the General Assembly and its committees shall be compiled by the Under Secretary-General and communicated by the Secretary-General to the Members after the close of the session.

XIII. MEETINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Rule 46

The meetings of the General Assembly and its committees shall be held in public unless the organ concerned decides, with approval of the President, that exceptional circumstances require that the meeting be held in private.

<u>Rule 47</u>

All decisions of the General Assembly and its committees taken at a private meeting shall be announced at an early public meeting of the Assembly or committee.

XIV. MINUTE OF SILENT PRAYERS OR MEDITATION

Rule 48

Immediately after the opening of the first plenary meeting and immediately preceding the closing of the final plenary meeting of each session of the General Assembly, the President may, at their discretion, invite the representatives to observe one minute of silence dedicated to prayer or meditation.

XV. PLENARY MEETINGS

Rule 49

The General Assembly shall not make a final decision upon any item on the agenda until it has consulted an appropriate committee on that item.

<u>Rule 50</u>

Discussion of a report of a committee in a plenary meeting of the General Assembly shall take place if at least one third of the members present and voting at the plenary meeting consider such a discussion to be necessary. Any proposal to this effect shall not be debated but shall be immediately put to the vote.

Rule 51 [83]

The President may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when a *quorum* of at least one-third of the members of the General Assembly are present. The presence of a majority of the members shall be required for any decision to be taken.

Rule 52[84]

No representative may address the General Assembly without having previously obtained the permission of the President. The President shall call upon speakers in an order determined by the President. The President may call a speaker to order if their remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.

Rule 53 [85]

A Chair may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusions arrived at by that committee.

Rule 54 [86]

The Secretary-General, or a designated member of the Executive Committee, may at any time make either oral or written statements to the General Assembly concerning any question under consideration.

Rule 55 [87]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may rise to a point of order, and the point of order shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with these rules. A representative rising to a point of order may not speak on the substance of the matter under discussion. Debate will continue immediately following the President's ruling. The President's ruling will stand unless the Commission on Rules of Procedure, upon written appeal by a representative, deems otherwise. A decision of the President shall be reversed by the Commission on Rules of Procedure only if said decision has a demonstrable and egregious effect on the resolution of the question at hand or the integrity of the General Assembly.

Rule 56 [88]

The President may limit the time to be allowed to each speaker and the number of times each representative may speak on any question. When any representative exceeds their allotted time, the President shall call them to order without delay.

Rule 57 [89]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the adjournment of the debate on the item under discussion. In addition to the proposer of the motion, two representatives may speak in favor of, and two against, the motion, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. The President may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

Rule 58 [90]

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate or the item under discussion.

Permission to speak on the closure of the debate shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the closure, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. If the General Assembly is in favour of the closure, the President shall declare the closure of the debate. The President may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

Rule 59 [91]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the suspension of the meeting. Such motions shall not be debated but shall be immediately put to the vote. The President may limit the time to be allowed to the speaker moving the suspension of the meeting.

Rule 60 [92] [Deleted]

Rule 61 [93]

Proposals according to BEIMUN regulations shall be submitted in writing to the forum and shall be distributed to the delegations. As a general rule, no proposal shall be discussed or put to the vote at any meeting of the General Assembly unless copies of it have been circulated to all delegations. The President may, however, permit the discussion and consideration of motions as to procedure, even though such motions have not been circulated.

Rule 62 [94]

Amendments shall not be submitted during plenary meetings.

Rule 63 [95]

Subject to Rule 55, any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the General Assembly to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be put to the vote before a vote is taken on the proposal in question.

Rule 64 [96]

A motion may be withdrawn by its proposer at any time before voting on it has commenced. A motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any member.

Rule 65 [97]

When a proposal has been adopted or rejected, it may not be reconsidered at the same session

unless the General Assembly, by a two-thirds majority of the members present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the motion, after which it shall be immediately put to the vote.

Rule 66 [98]

Each member of the General Assembly shall have one vote.

Rule 67 [99]

Decisions of the General Assembly on important questions shall be made by a two-thirds majority of the members present and voting. These questions shall include: recommendations with respect to the maintenance of international peace and security and the suspension of the rights and privileges of membership.

Rule 68 [99]

Decisions of the General Assembly other than those provided for in Rule 67, including the determination of additional categories of questions to be decided by a two-thirds majority, shall be made by a majority of the members present and voting.

Rule 69 [100]

For the purposes of these rules, the phrase "members present and voting" means members casting an affirmative or negative vote. Members which abstain from voting are considered as not voting.

Rule 70 [101] Rule 73 [104]

If two or more proposals relate to the same question, the General Assembly shall, unless it decides otherwise, vote on the proposals in the order in which they have been submitted. The General Assembly may, after each vote on a proposal, decide whether to vote on the next proposal.

Rule 74 [105]

If a vote is equally divided, the proposal shall be regarded as rejected.

XVI. COMMITTEES

The General Assembly shall normally vote by show of placards, but any representative may request a roll-call. The roll-call shall be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the members. The name of each member shall be called in any roll-call, and one of its representatives shall reply "yes", "no" or "abstention".

Rule 71 [102]

After the President has announced the beginning of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting except on a point of order in connection with the actual conduct of the voting. The President may permit members to explain their votes, either before or after the voting. The President may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations. The President shall not permit the proposer to explain their vote on their own proposal.

Rule 72 [103]

A representative may move that parts of a proposal should be voted on separately. If objection is made to the request for division, the motion for division shall be voted upon. Permission to speak on the motion for division shall be given only to two speakers in favor and two speakers against. If the motion for division is carried, those parts of the proposal which are approved shall then be put to the vote as a whole. If all operative parts of the proposal have been rejected, the proposal shall be considered to have been rejected as a whole.

Rule 75

The General Assembly may establish such committees as it deems necessary for the performance of its functions.

Rule 76

Items relating to the same category of subjects shall be referred to the committee or committees dealing with that category of subjects. Committees shall not introduce new items on their own initiative.

Rule 77
[Deleted]

Rule 78

Each Member may be represented by one person on each committee; Members of the Security Council are to be represented by two persons in that forum only, on the discretion of the BEIMUN Directorate.

Rule 79 [19]

Before the opening of each session, the Executive Committee shall appoint a President/Chair and up to three Deputies/Assistants, as deemed appropriate by the Executive Committee, for each committee, who shall hold office until the close of the session for which they are appointed.

Rule 80 [20-22]

If the Chair finds it necessary to be absent during a meeting or any part thereof, the Assistant/Deputy Chair shall take their place. An Assistant/Deputy acting as Chair shall have the same authority and duties as the Chair. If any officer of the committee is unable to perform their functions, a new officer shall be appointed by the Secretary-General for the unexpired term.

Rule 81 [23]

The Chair shall, subject to the most recent program of events, declare the opening and closing of each meeting of the committee, the adjournment of the meeting, direct its discussions, ensure observance of these rules, accord the right to speak, put questions, and announce decisions. They shall rule on points of order and, subject to these rules, shall have complete control of the proceedings at any meeting and over the maintenance of order thereat. The Chair may, in the course of the discussion of an item, decide the limitation of the time to be allowed to speakers, the limitation of the number of times each representative may speak, or the closure of the debate. They may propose the suspension of the meeting or the adjournment of the debate on the item under discussion.

Rule 82 [24]

The Chair, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the Executive Committee and the BEIMUN Directorate.

Rule 83 [51]

The Chair may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when a *quorum* of at least one-third of the members of the committee are present. The presence of a majority of the members shall be required for any decision to be taken.

Rule 84 [52]

No representative may address the committee without having previously obtained the permission of the Chair. The Chair shall call upon speakers in an order determined by the Chair. The Chair may call a speaker to order if their remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.

Rule 85 [53]

A Chair of a committee or subcommittee may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusions arrived at by that committee or subcommittee.

Rule 86 [54]

The Secretary-General, or a designated member of the Executive Committee, may at any time make either oral or written statements to any committee or subcommittee concerning any question under consideration by it.

Rule 87 [55]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may rise to a point of order, and the point of order shall be immediately decided by the Chair in accordance with these rules. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the Chair to the Commission on Rules and Procedure, as defined in Chapter X. The debate will continue and the Chair's ruling shall stand unless overruled by the Commission. A representative rising to a point of order may not speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

Rule 88 [56]

The Chair may limit the time to be allowed to each speaker and the number of times each representative may speak on any question. When the debate is limited and a representative exceeds their allotted time, the Chair shall call them to order without delay.

Rule 89 [57]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the adjournment of the debate on the item under discussion. In addition to the proposer of the motion, two representatives may speak in favor of, and two against, the motion, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. The Chair may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

Rule 90 [58]

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate on the item under discussion. Permission to BEIMUN speak on the closure of the debate shall be accorded

only to two speakers opposing the closure, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. If the committee is in favor of the closure, the Chair shall declare the closure of the debate. The Chair may limit the time to be allowed to speakers under this rule.

Rule 91 [59]

During the discussion of any matter, a representative may move the suspension of the meeting. Such motions shall not be debated but shall be immediately put to the vote. The Chair may limit the time to be allowed to the speaker moving the suspension of the meeting.

Rule 92 [60] [Deleted]

Rule 93 [61]

Proposals according to BEIMUN regulations shall be submitted in writing to the forum and shall be distributed to the delegations. As a general rule, no proposal shall be discussed or put to the vote at any meeting of the committee unless copies of it have been circulated to all delegations. The Chair may, however, permit the discussion and consideration of motions as to procedure, even though such motions have not been circulated.

Rule 94 [62]

Amendments shall be submitted in writing during committee meetings.

Rule 95 [63]

Subject to Rule 87, any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the General Assembly or the committee to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be put to the vote before a vote is taken on the proposal in question.

Rule 96 [64]

A motion may be withdrawn by its proposer at any time before voting on it has commenced, provided that the motion has not been amended. A motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any member.

Rule 97 [65]

When a proposal has been adopted or rejected, it may not be reconsidered at the same session unless the committee, by a two-thirds majority of the members present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the motion, after which it shall be immediately put to the vote.

Rule 98 [66]

Each member of the committee shall have one vote.

Rule 99 [67-68]

Decisions of committees shall be made by a majority of the members present and voting.

Rule 100 [69]

For the purposes of these rules, the phrase "members present and voting" means members casting an affirmative or negative vote. Members which abstain from voting are considered as not voting.

Rule 101 [70]

The committee shall normally vote by show of placards or by standing, but any representative may request a roll-call. The rollcall shall be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the members, beginning with the member whose name is drawn by lot by the Chairman. The name of each member shall be called in any roll-call, and its representative shall reply "yes", "no" or "abstention".

Rule 102 [71]

After the Chairman has announced the beginning of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting except on a point of order in connection with the actual conduct of the voting. The Chairman may permit members to explain their votes, either before or after the voting. The Chairman may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations. The Chairman shall not permit the proposer of a proposal or of an amendment to explain his vote on his own proposal or amendment.

Rule 103 [72]

A representative may move that parts of a proposal or of an amendment should be voted on separately. If objection is made to the request for division, the motion for division shall be voted upon. Permission to speak on the motion for division shall be given only to two speakers in favor and two speakers against. If the motion for division is carried, those parts of the proposal or of the amendment which are approved shall then be put to the vote as a whole. If all operative parts of the proposal or of the amendment have been rejected, the proposal or the amendment shall be considered to have been rejected as a whole.

Rule 104

When an amendment is moved to a proposal, the amendment shall be voted on first. When two or more amendments are moved to a proposal, the committee shall first vote on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed therefrom, and so on

until all the amendments have been put to the vote. Where, however, the adoption of one amendment necessarily implies the rejection of another amendment, the latter amendment shall not be put to the vote. If one or more amendments are adopted, the amended proposal shall then be voted upon. A motion is considered an amendment to a proposal if it merely adds to, deletes from or revises part of the proposal.

Rule 107 [73]

If two or more proposals relate to the same question, the committee shall, unless it decides otherwise, vote on the proposals in the order in which they have been submitted. The committee may, after each vote on a proposal, decide whether to vote on the next proposal.

Rule 106 [74]

If a vote is equally divided the proposal shall be regarded as rejected.

XVII. ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY QUESTIONS

Rule 107

No resolution shall include either financial amounts or names of specific financial resources.

XVIII. SUBSIDIARY ORGANS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Rule 108

The General Assembly may establish such subsidiary organs as it deems necessary for the performance of its functions. The rules relating to the procedure of committees of the General Assembly shall apply to the procedure of any subsidiary organ unless the Assembly or the subsidiary organ, with approval of the Assembly, decides otherwise.

XVIX. INTERPRETATION AND AMENDMENTS

Rule 109

These rules of procedure may be amended by a decision of the BEIMUN Directorate in consultation with the Executive Committee at any time necessary prior and during the conference.

Rule 91

During circumstances of double delegations, an agreement must be reached among the contentious delegates and represent the member state as a whole to put forth a vote.

The BEIMUN Rules of Procedure have been adapted from the THIMUN

Revised Rules of Procedure of 2006 http://thimun.org for the sole

purpose of the Beijing Model United Nations (BEIMUN) annual conference.

Revised in 2017. First proposed and adopted by Ean Burchell in 2009.

